



46° Convegno Nazionale di Studi di Medicina Trasfusionale

Rimini, 13-15 maggio 2026

Nuove indicazioni in aferesi terapeutica

Angelo Ostuni

Direttore UO Medicina Trasfusionale AOU Policlinico Bari

Presidente SIdEM

disclosure

Il sottoscritto, in qualità di Relatore dichiara che nell'esercizio della Sua funzione e per l'evento in oggetto, negli ultimi due anni ha avuto rapporti con soggetti portatori di interessi commerciali e che gli stessi NON SONO tali da permettere a tali soggetti di influenzare le sue funzioni al fine di trarne vantaggio:

- Fresenius Kabi
- Therakos
- Vertex
- Kite Gilead



Guidelines on the Use of Therapeutic Apheresis in Clinical Practice– Evidence-Based Approach from the Writing Committee of the American Society for Apheresis: The Ninth Special Issue - *Laura Connelly-Smith, Nancy M. Dunbar et al. J Clin Apher. 2023*

Adsorptive cytapheresis

β 2-microglobulin adsorption

Double filtration plasmapheresis DFPP

Erythrocytapheresis

Extracorporeal liver support systems artificial liver support systems

Extracorporeal photopheresis ECP

Hemoperfusion

Immunoadsorption IA

Leukocytapheresis

Lipoprotein apheresis LA

Red blood cell exchange RBC Exchange

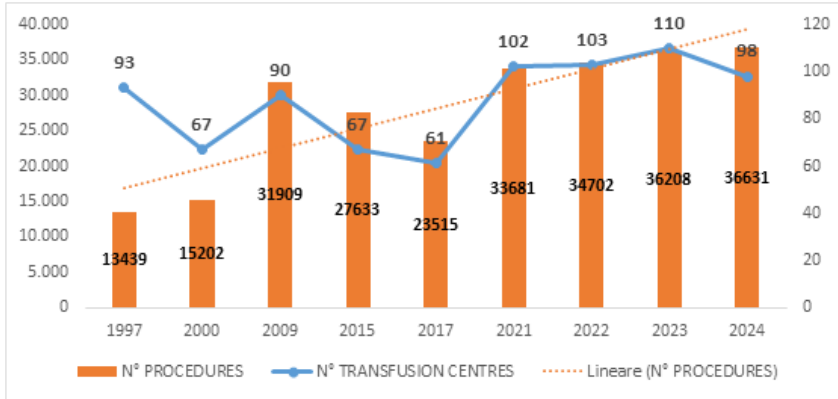
Therapeutic plasma exchange TPE

Thrombocytapheresis

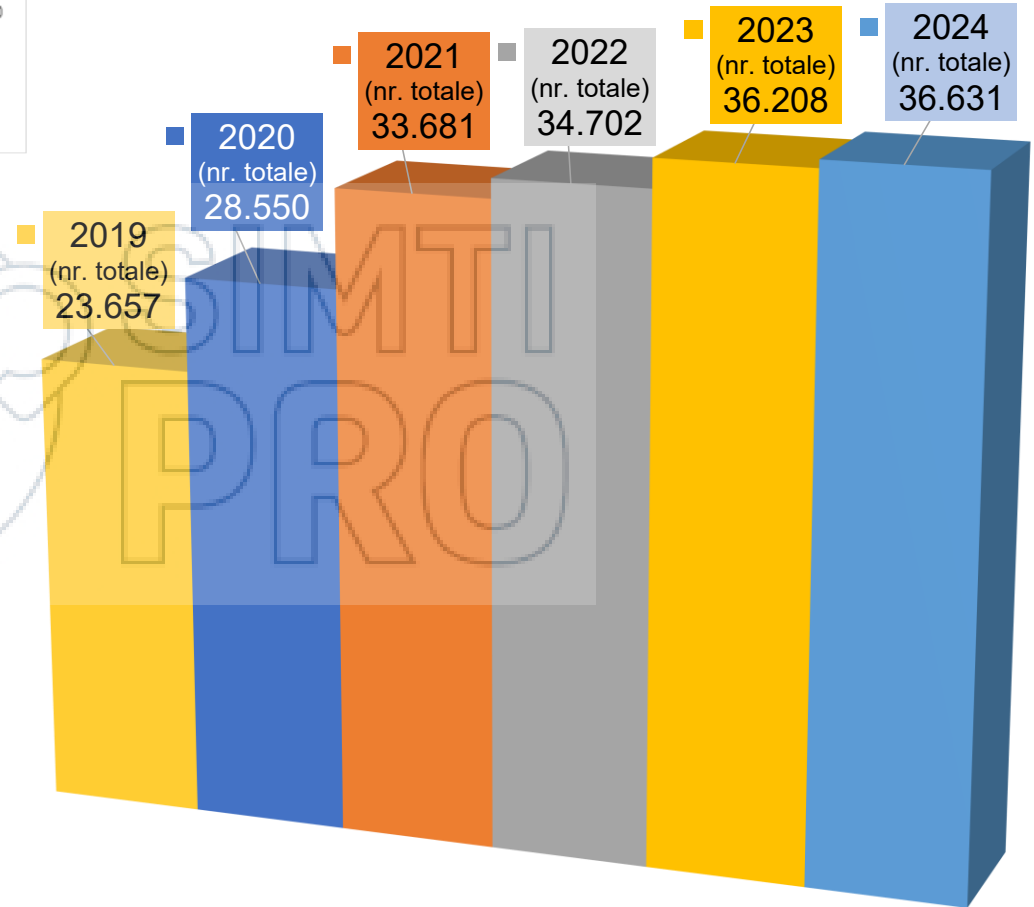
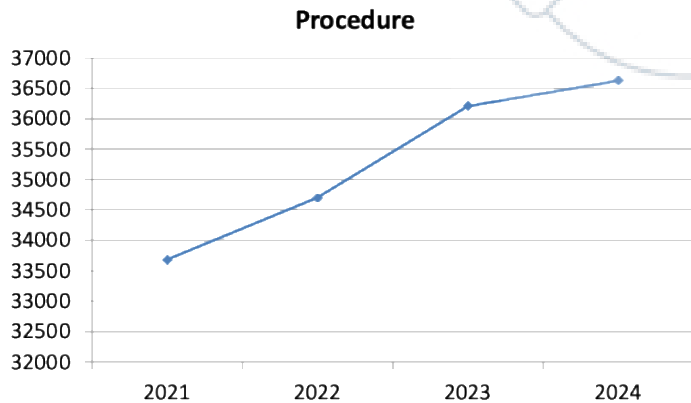
Stem cell / Lymphocyte collection (Peripheral Blood Stem Cell) autologous and allogeneic



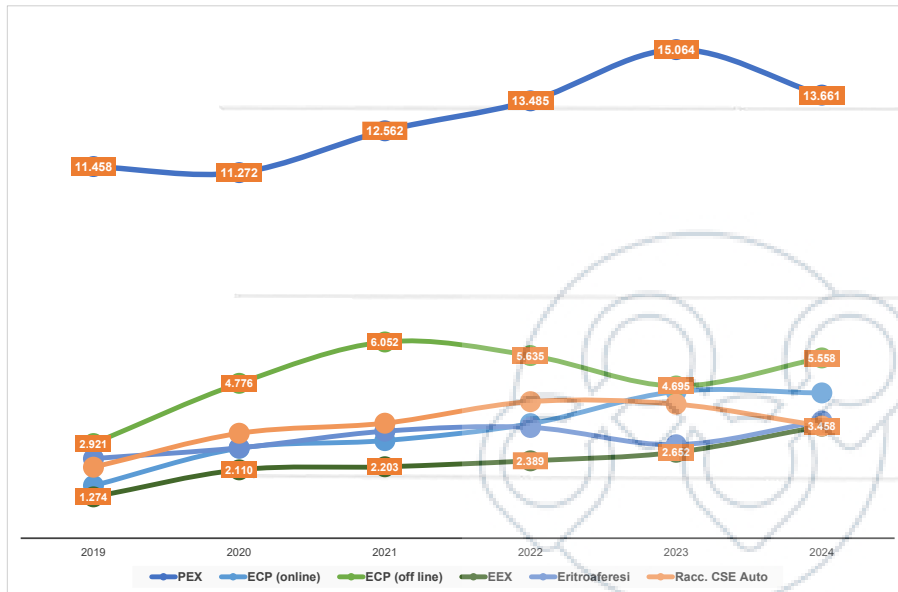
Number transfusion centers and therapeutic apheresis procedures from 1997 to 2024



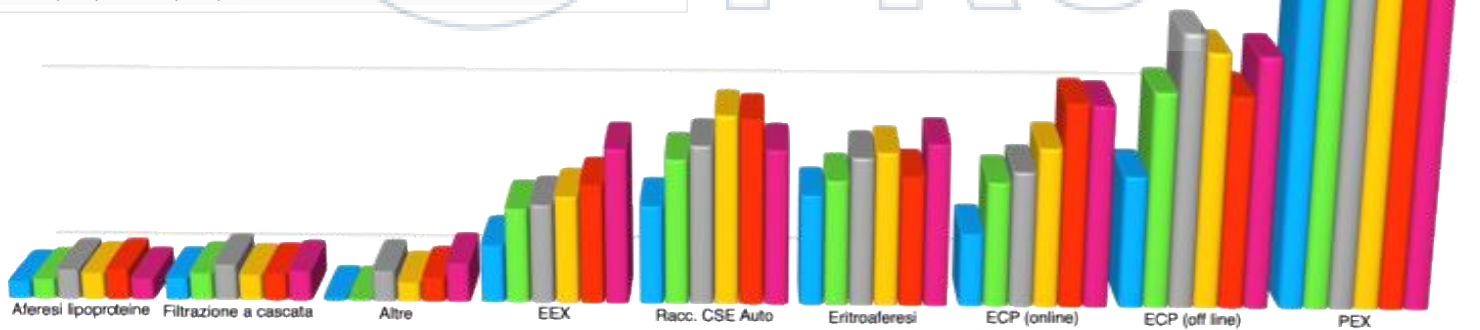
Total therapeutic apheresis procedures in Italy from 2019 to 2024 (SISTRA)



■ 2019 ■ 2020 ■ 2021 ■ 2022 ■ 2023 ■ 2024



SIMTI
PRO

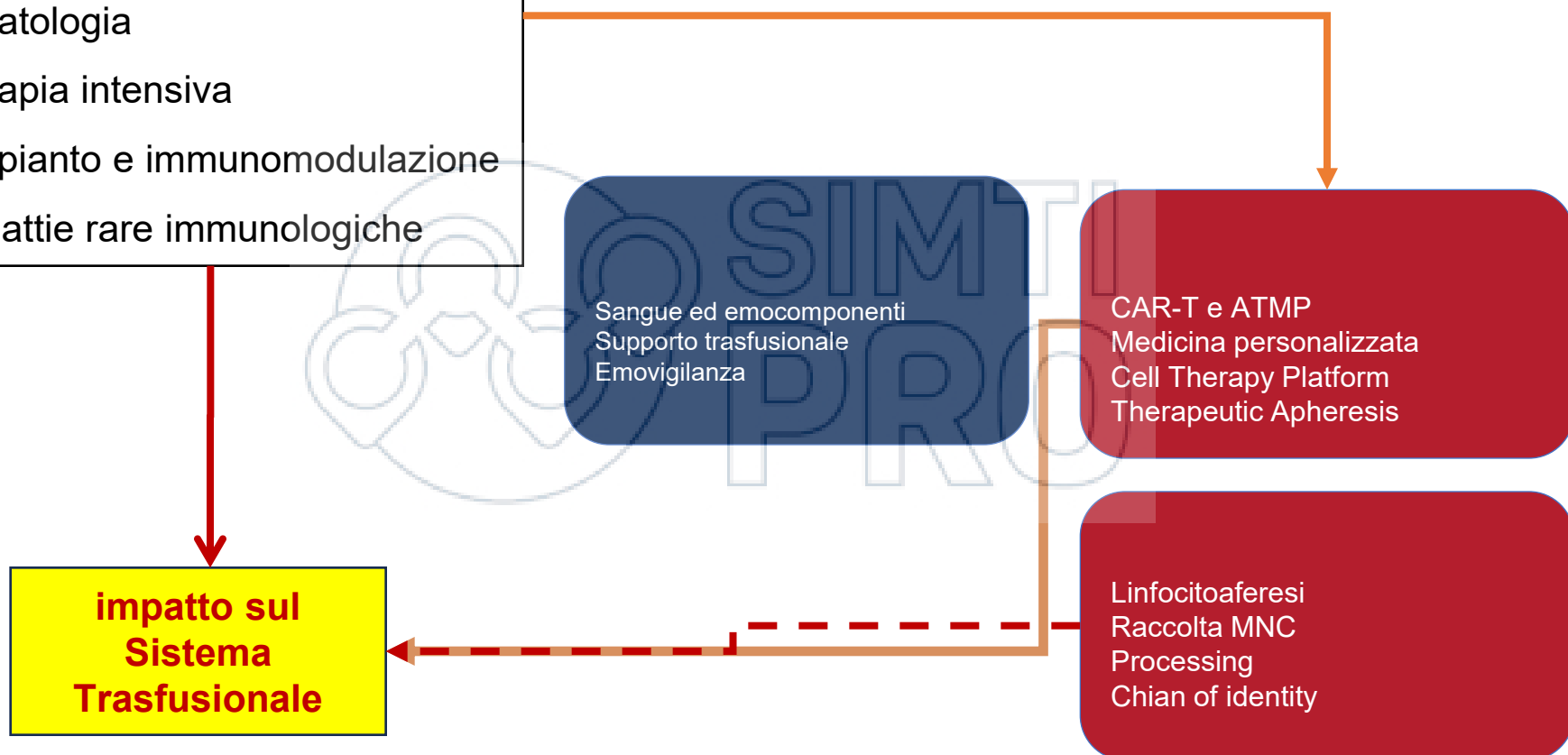


MULTIDISCIPLINARIETÀ

Aree a maggiore crescita:

- Neurologia
- Ematologia
- Terapia intensiva
- Trapianto e immunomodulazione
- Malattie rare immunologiche

Evoluzione della Medicina Trasfusionale ... organizzazione hub & spoke ...



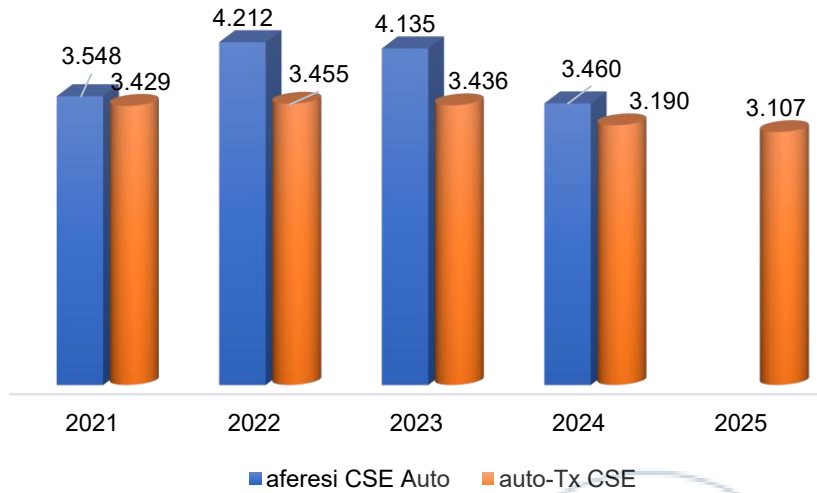
Ad oggi:

le verifiche e le simulazioni hanno comportato un ulteriore carico amministrativo (burocratico) →

- attività spesso ripetitive o ridondanti*
- sovrapposizione tra i requisiti JACIE e quelli del titolare dell'autorizzazione all'immissione in commercio*

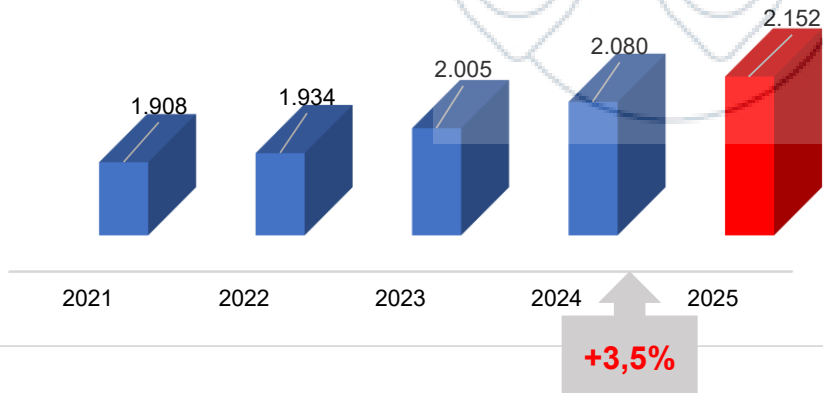
1. Autorizzazione regionale
2. Requisiti minimi AIFA/CTS CAR-T + G.Thery
3. Certificazione CNT
4. Accredimento JACIE
5. Terapia intensiva
6. Team multidisciplinare
7. Percorso paziente
8. Registro AIFA
9. Rete hub/spoke
10. Farmacia ospedaliera
11. Chain of identity / custody
12. Aferesi e raccolta cellulare
13. Processazione/crioconservazione
14. Trasporto biologico/farmaco
15. Gestione tossicità
16. Formazione personale
17. Farmacovigilanza
18. Qualità/GMP-GCP
19. Consenso informato
20. Comitato etico/sperimentazioni
21. Hospital exemption / uso non ripetitivo
22. Indicatori e governance

RIUNIONE NAZIONALE GITMO



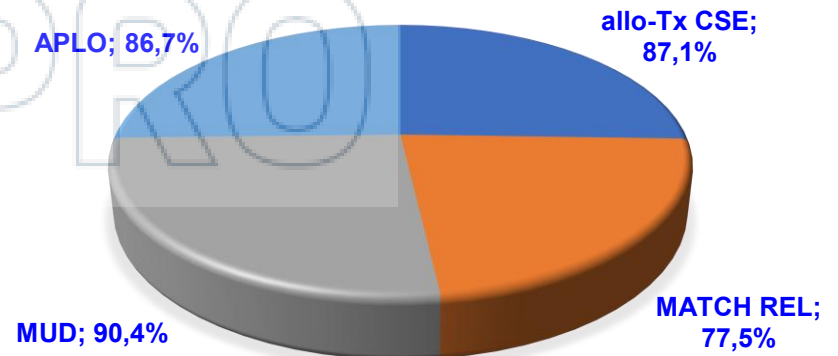
Δ '23 - '25	Δ '24 - '25	PBSC	età pazienti
-9,6%	-2,6%	99,6%	40,5% 41-60aa 40,7% 60-70aa

allo-Tx CSE



SIMTI
PRO

PBSC



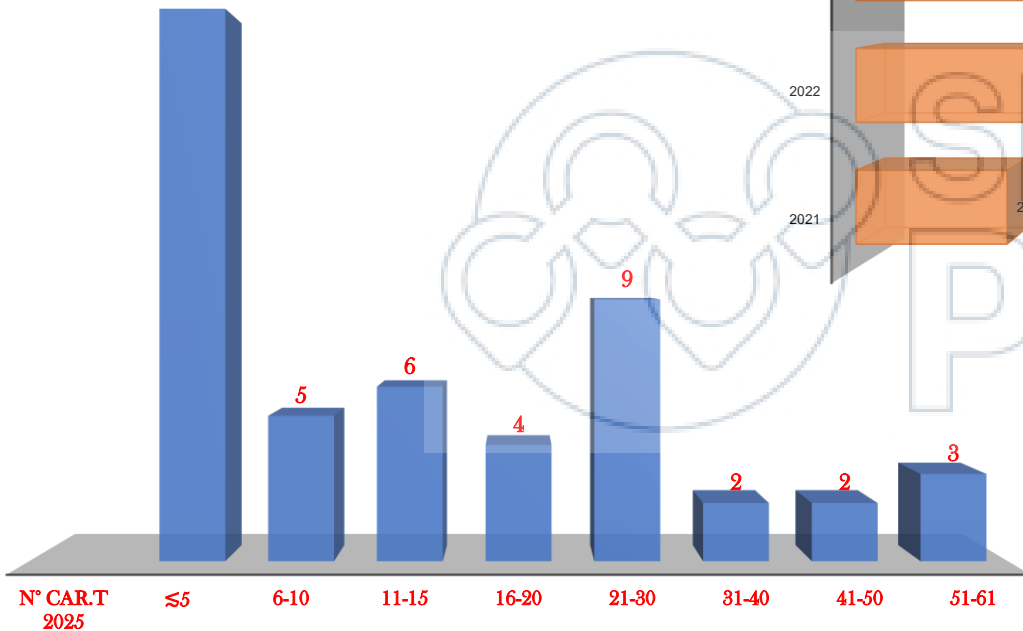
RIUNIONE NAZIONALE GITMO

50 centri CAR.T

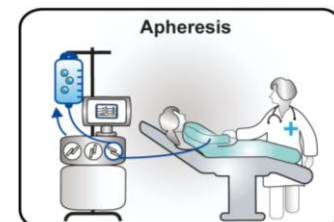
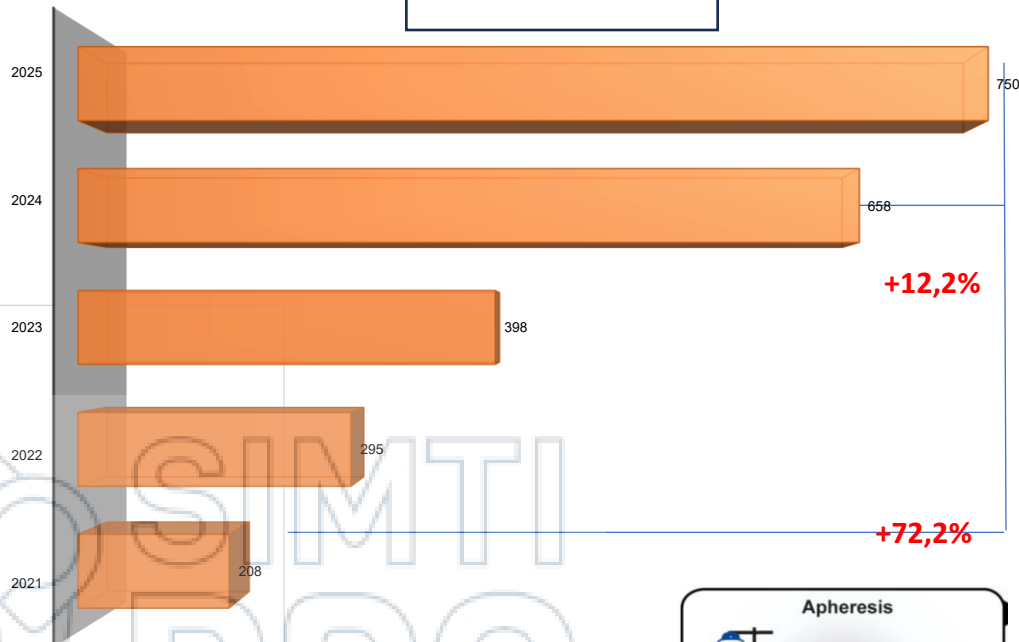
37 unità Aferesi + Laboratorio manipolazione



19



CAR.T



- Must Have**
- Sterility
 - Red cells and platelets
 - Total viability
 - Absolute number of lymphocytes
 - % of CD3⁺ cells
 - Absolute number of CD3⁺ cells
 - % of CD4⁺ and CD8⁺ cells
 - Phenotype of CD3⁺ cells present in apheresis

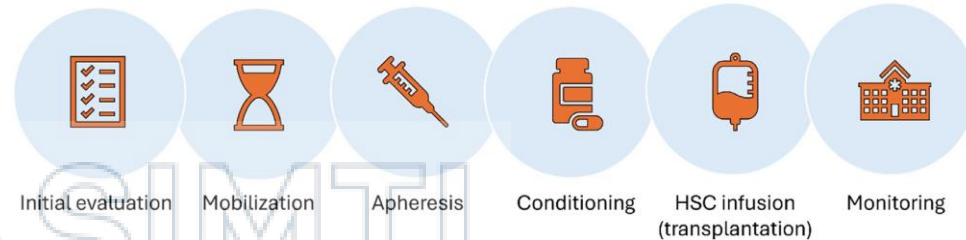
- Nice to Have**
- Characterization of the CD3⁺ cells in terms of memory subtypes
 - Contamination by blasts

TIMING → OUTCOME
VEIN to VEIN
BRAIN to VEIN

Exagamglogene Autotemcel for Transfusion-Dependent β -Thalassemia

F. Locatelli, P. Lang, D. Wall, R. Meisel, S. Corbacioglu, A.M. Li, J. de la Fuente, A.J. Shah, B. Carpenter, J.L. Kwiatkowski, M. Mapara, R.I. Liem, M.D. Cappellini, M. Algeri, A. Kattamis, S. Sheth, S. Grupp, R. Handgretinger, P. Kohli, D. Shi, L. Ross, Y. Bobruff, C. Simard, L. Zhang, P.K. Morrow, W.E. Hobbs, and H. Frangoul, for the CLIMB THAL-111 Study Group*

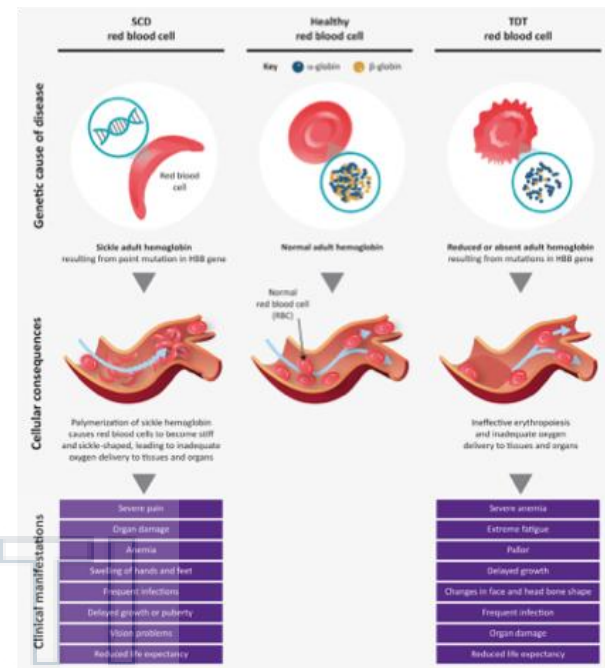
... **EXA-CEL** utilizza la tecnologia di editing genomico CRISPR-Cas9 per riattivare l'HbF mediante la modifica di sequenze di DNA di una regione specifica dei precursori eritroidi (BCL11A) utilizzando le cellule CD34+ autologhe (HSPCs)



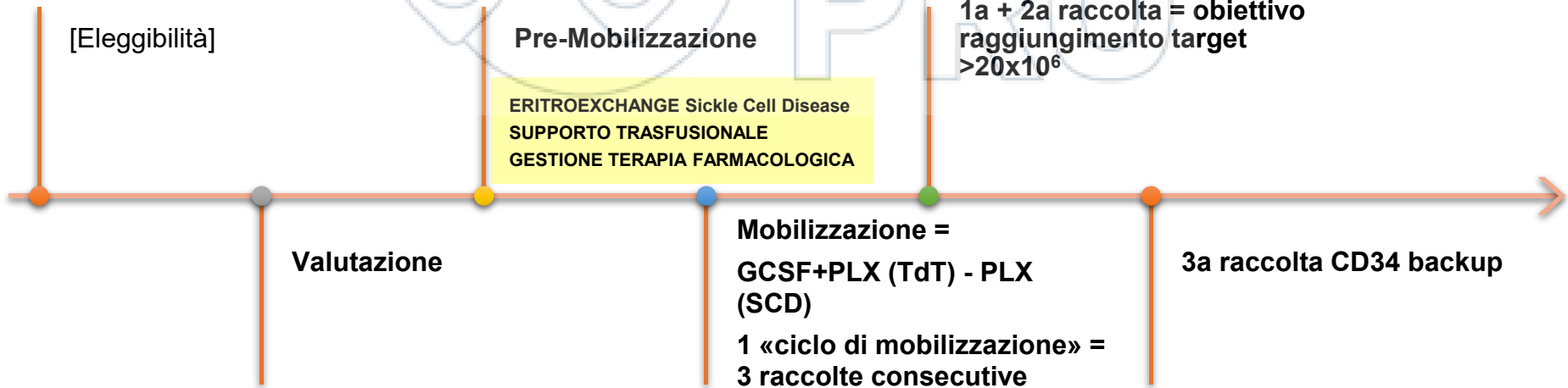
Settembre 2025: AIFA autorizza «*EXA*gamglogene autotem*CEL*»
 al 30 aprile 2026: **6 CENTRI QUALIFICATI E AUTORIZZATI**
AFERESI (CD34) IN ~ 15 PAZIENTI

Best Practices in Gene Therapy for Sickle Cell Disease and Transfusion-dependent β -Thalassemia

Haydar Frangoul et al.,
Transplantation and Cellular Therapy (2025)

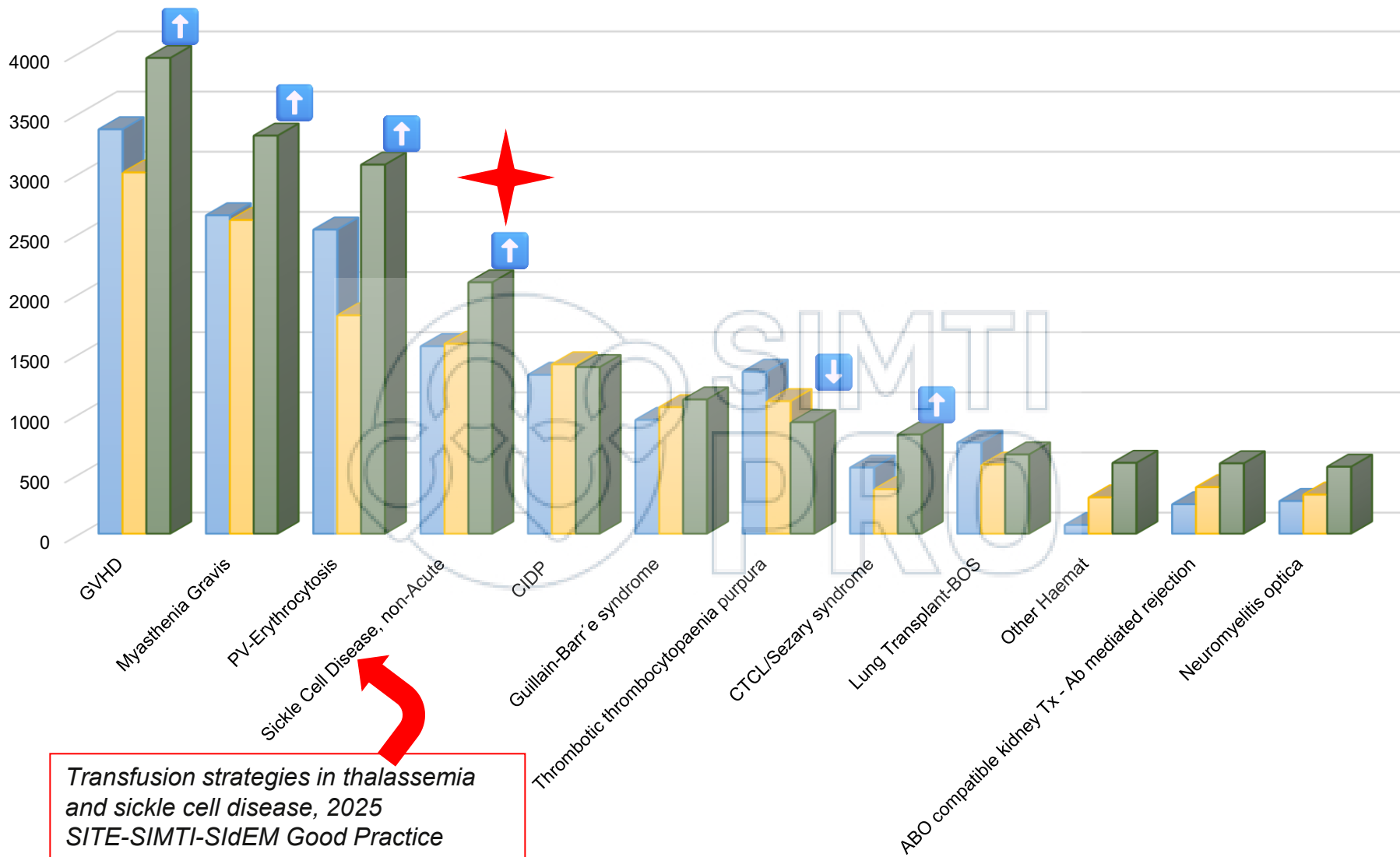


TdT & SCD - Target raccolta = $> 20 \times 10^6 / \text{kg}$ ricevente
raccolta autologa



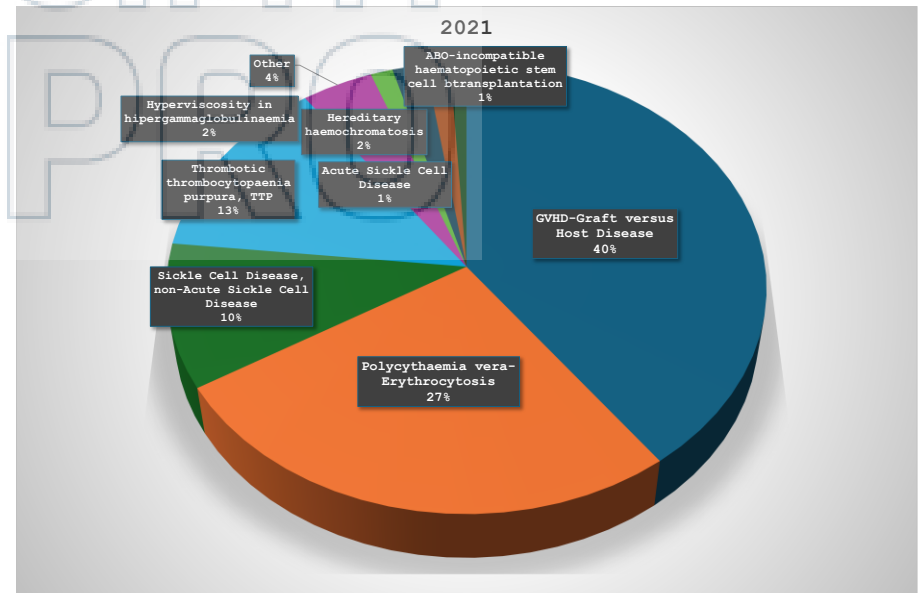
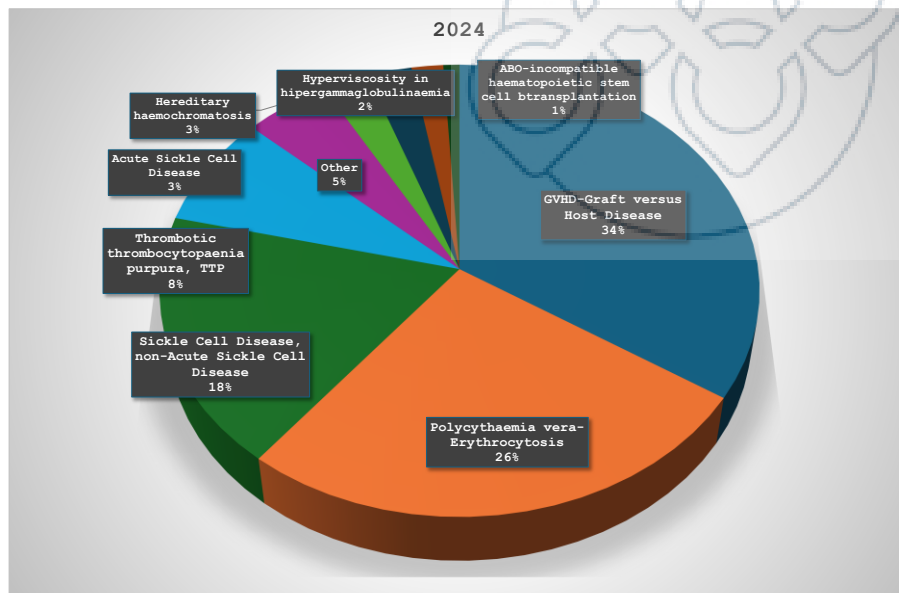
n° procedure (>500) diagnosi

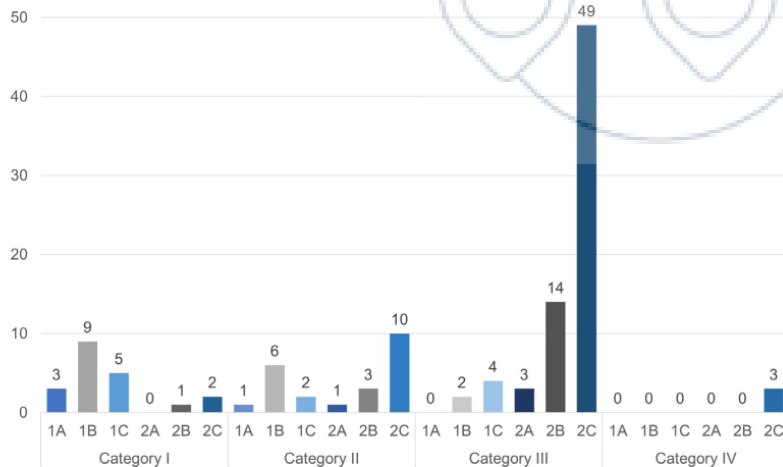
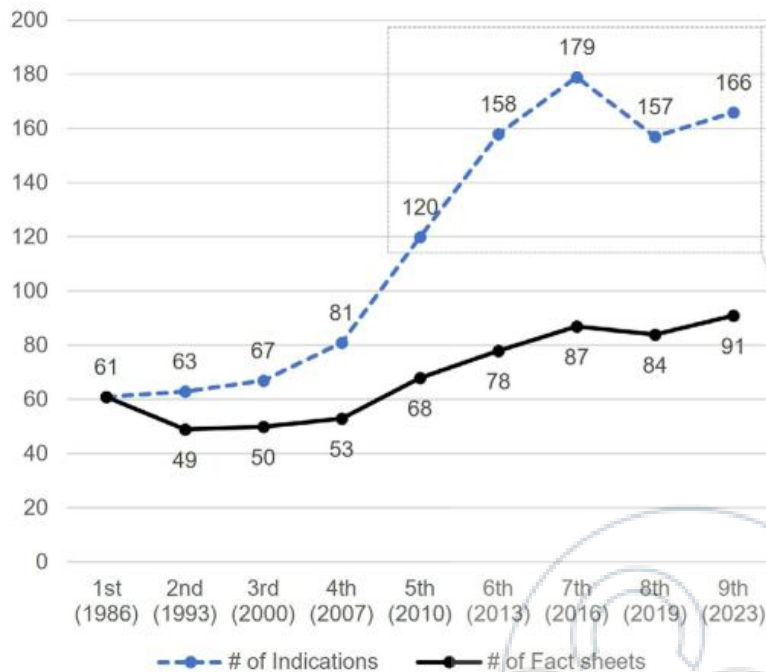
■ 2022 ■ 2023 ■ 2024



Transfusion strategies in thalassemia and sickle cell disease, 2025
SITE-SIMTI-SIdEM Good Practice

Number of procedures for clinical indications from 2019 to 2024 in SISTRA	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
NEUROLOGY	6.115	5.953	6.151	6.991	7.281	7.974
HEMATOLOGY	6.370	8.996	11.562	10.860	9.612	11.908
RHEUMATOLOGY	1.397	1.200	1.190	871	884	864
NEPHROLOGY	328	396	698	656	653	618
DERMATHOLOGY	524	986	1.108	793	535	1.024
ENDOCRINOLOGY	49	8	9	15	12	6
GASTROENTEROLOGY	366	249	237	307	165	125
METABOLISM	571	475	731	774	871	692
SOLID ORGAN TRANSPLANT	1.162	1.611	2.380	1.979	1.898	2.318
OTHER	30	69	45	67	32	57





Category and grade distribution of therapeutic plasma exchange indications in the ninth edition.

	2010 (5th)	2013 (6th)	2016 (7th)	2019 (8th)	2023 (9th)
ANCA-associated RPGN, DAH	1B			1C	
Anti-glomerular basement membrane disease, Dialysis dependence, no DAH	1A			2B	
Anti-glomerular basement membrane disease, Dialysis independence	1A	1B	1C		1B
Atopic dermatitis, recalcitrant				2C	2B
Chronic acquired demyelinating polyneuropathies, IgM		1C			1B
Cryoglobulinemia, Severe/symptomatic	1B			2A	
Familial hypercholesterolemia, All patients		1C			1B
Focal segmental glomerulosclerosis, Recurrent in kidney transplant	1C			1B	
Hypertriglyceridemic pancreatitis, Severe		2C			1C
Immune thrombocytopenia, Refractory	1C			2C	
Multiple sclerosis, Acute attack/relapse		1B			1A
Neuromyelitis optical spectrum disorder, Acute attack/relapse	1C			1B	
Neuromyelitis optical spectrum disorder, Maintenance	1C			2C	
Pediatric autoimmune neuropsychiatric disorders, Sydenham's chorea, severe	1B			2B	
Pemphigus vulgaris, Severe	2B	2C		2B	
Psoriasis	1B			2C	
Sepsis with multiorgan failure			2B		2A
Sudden sensorineural hearing loss			2C		2A
Thrombotic microangiopathy, drug induced, Quinine	2B			2C	
Thrombotic microangiopathy, drug induced, Ticlopidine	2B	1B		2B	
Transplantation, heart, Desensitization		2C		1C	
Transplantation, liver, Desensitization, ABO; living donor		2C		1C	
Vasculitis, ANCA associated, Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis				1B	2C
Voltage-gated potassium channel antibody-related diseases		1C		2C	1B
Color index	2C	2B	2A	1C	1B
					1A

Trends in category and grade for therapeutic plasma exchange in the latest guideline on therapeutic apheresis by the ASFA: Hurdles in pursuing evidence-based medicine

Vox Sanguinis. 2024

Han Joo Kim, Dae-Hyun Ko et al.

When Strong Recommendations Rest on Weak Evidence: Lessons From Therapeutic Apheresis Guidelines

Journal of Clinical Apheresis, 2026; 41:e70098 <https://doi.org/10.1002/jca.70098>

Jeremy W. Jacobs, Yara A. Park, Garrett S. Booth, Brian D. Adkins, Joseph Yossi Schwartz, Evan M. Bloch, Victoria Costa, Sheharyar Raza

Condition (ASFA fact-sheet)	Indication (clinical context)	Category	Grade	Standard procedure	Evidence snapshot
Anti-glomerular basement membrane disease	Diffuse alveolar hemorrhage	I	1C	TPE	~200 pts., 1 small RCT
Wilson disease, fulminant	Bridge to liver transplant	I	1C	TPE	< 100 pts., uncontrolled
Waldenström macroglobulinemia	Prophylactic TPE before rituximab	I	1C	TPE	< 50 pts., no trials
N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor encephalitis	Acute management	I	1C	TPE/IA	> 300 pts., observational
Sickle-cell disease, acute stroke	Emergency therapy	I	1C	RBC Exchange	~240 pts. across 10 series
Transplantation, liver	Desensitization, ABO incompatible, living donor	I	1C	TPE	< 200 pts., no RCTs
Transplantation, heart	Rejection prophylaxis (antibody-mediated)	II	1C	TPE	> 900 patients in non-randomized studies
Transplantation, heart	Desensitization	II	1C	TPE	
Transplantation, lung	Chronic lung allograft dysfunction	II	1C	ECP	> 200 patients in > 10 case series
Transplantation, lung	Bronchiolitis obliterans syndrome	II	1C	ECP	
Sickle-cell disease, acute	Acute chest syndrome (severe)	II	1C	RBC Exchange	> 320 patients; 2 non-randomized trials (n = 121) + > 10 case-series
Neuromyelitis-optica spectrum disorder	Acute attack/relapse	II	1C	IA	~140 patients: 1 non-randomized trial (n = 61) + 5 case-series and 17 case-report
Chronic acquired demyelinating polyneuropathy	Anti-myelin-associated glycoprotein	III	1C	TPE	Small case series
Secondary erythrocytosis	Symptomatic or high-risk	III	1C	Erythrocytapheresis	~500 cases in 8 series
Hypertriglyceridemic pancreatitis (severe)	Bridge to definitive care	III	1C	TPE/LA	> 300 patients across multiple non-randomized trials
Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy associated with natalizumab	Drug clearance	III	1C	TPE	~300 case reports
Pruritus due to hepatobiliary diseases	Treatment-resistant	III	1C	TPE	< 30 case reports

One-third (33.1%, 55/166) of the 166 indications in the 2023 ASFA guidelines have strong recommendations. However, almost a third (**30.9%**, 17/55) of those strong recommendations are based on low- or very low-quality evidence. ...**54.8%**, 91/166) are informed low- or very-low-quality evidence.

Mechanisms of immune modulation by therapeutic plasma exchange

Nicholas Parisi, Menatalla Nadim, Yamac Akgun - Transfusion and Apheresis Science 65 (2026)

Immunoglobulin Levels

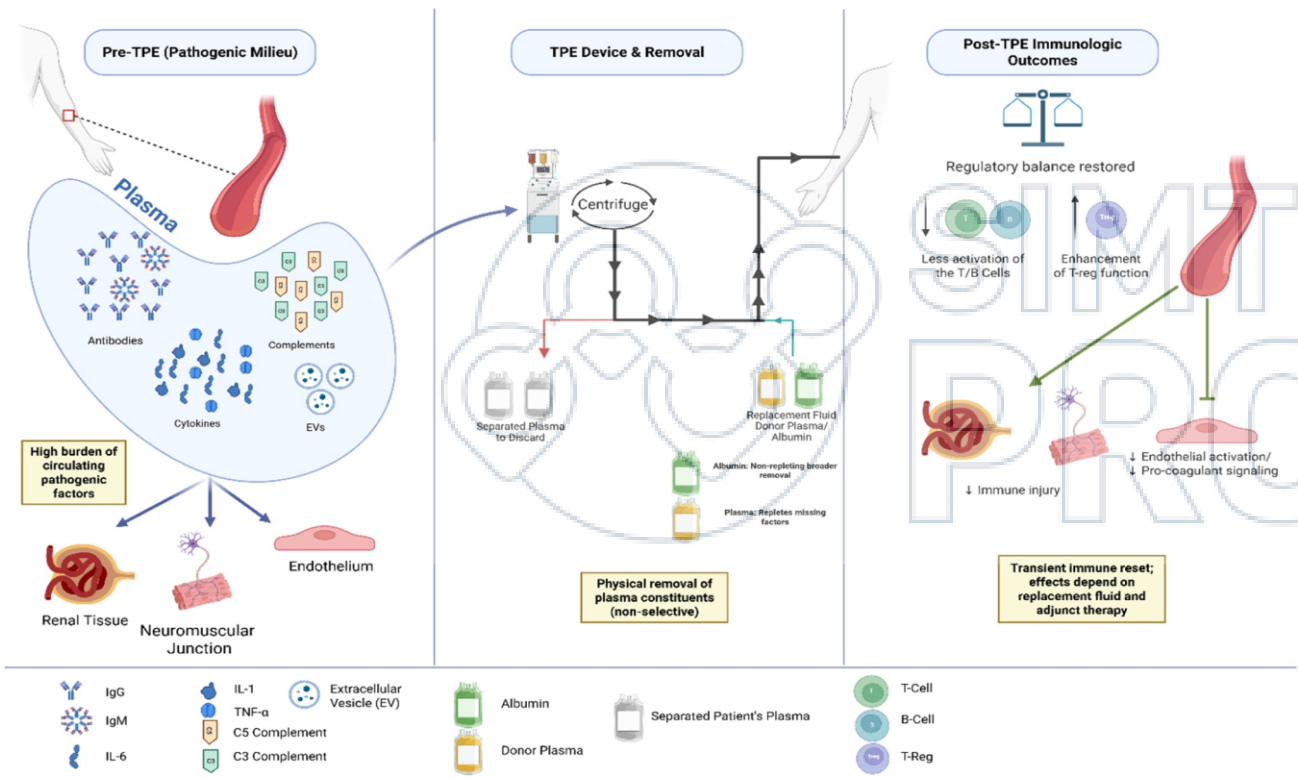
Autoantibody Titers

Complement and Coagulation Factors

Cytokines and Inflammatory Markers

Disease-Specific Biomarkers

Impact on T-Cell Regulation and Immune Balance



...plasma exchange continues to exemplify how **biophysical removal of pathogenic plasma constituents** can effectively **restore immune balance and improve patient outcomes** in both acute and chronic immune-mediated diseases.



Neurological

Guillain-Barré syndrome, I
Myasthenia Gravis, I
TPE logic: removal of autoantibodies,
immune complexes



Immunological

Systemic lupus erythematosus, II
Catastrophic antiphospholipid synd., I
TPE logic: removal of autoantibodies,
immune complexes



Metabolic

Familial Hypercholesterolemia, I
Hypertriglyceridic Pancreatitis, III
TPE logic: lipid/inflammatory
complex removal



Hematological/Vascular

Lipoprotein(a) hyperlipoproteinemia, II
peripheral vascular diseases, II
TPE logic: reduced oxidized LDL,
lipoprotein(a), CRP, and fibrinogen



Renal

Goodpasture's syndrome, I
IgA nephropathy, III
TPE logic: autoantibody removal



Oncological

Cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, I
Myeloma cast nephropathy, II
TPE logic: ECP mediated apoptosis of
malignant cells, autoantibody removal



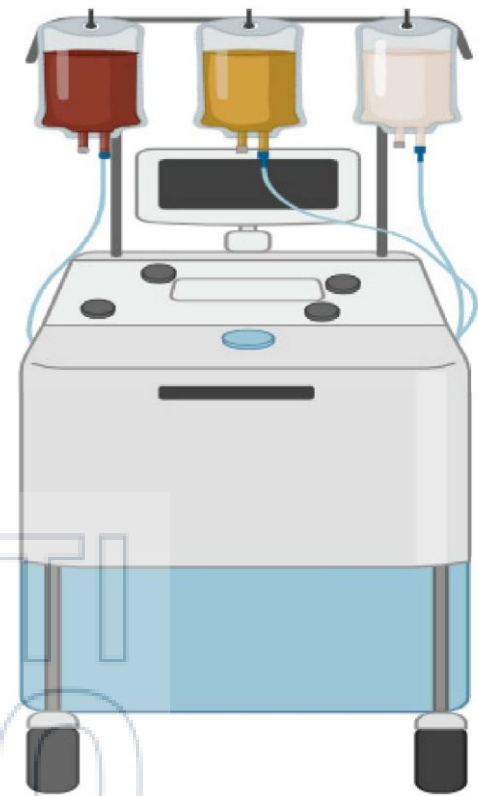
Toxins

Wilson's Disease (copper), I
Mushroom poison, II
TPE logic: toxin removal/
depletion



Organ Transplantation

kidney or liver transplants, I
lung or heart, II
TPE logic: immune desensitization,
reduced antibody rejection

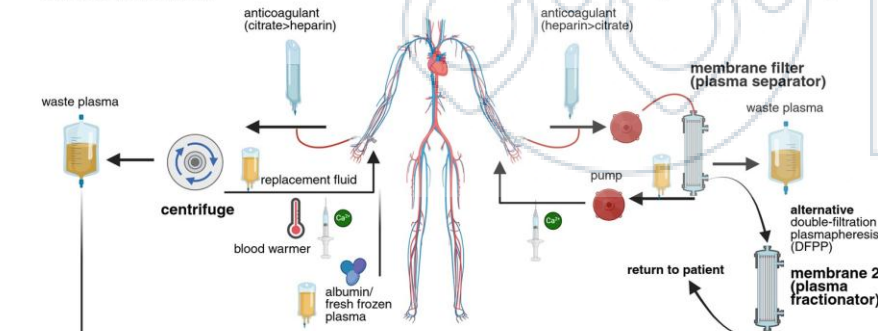


Centrifugal TPE

~60-85% plasma removal
low flow rate (10-150 ml/min)

Membrane TPE

~30% plasma removal
high flow rate (150-200 ml/min)



components

- waste
- ions
- proteins/hormones
- ions
- nutrients
- drugs
- cytokines
- antibodies
- fibrinogen
- albumin
- insulin/glucose/triglycerides/cholesterol

potential complications

common and treatable

- hypocalcemia
- hypovolemia
- allergic reactions
- vascular access (pain/bleeding access site)

rare

- infection
- hypotension
- electrolyte or pH imbalance
- cardiovascular events
- hemorrhage

replacement or adjuvant therapies

- immune resaturation (IgG, IgM, mAb)
- anti-permeability (Angpt-1)
- coagulation (ATIII)
- donor plasma age (young vs aged)
- donor plasma metabolic conditioning
- senolytics
- extracellular vesicles

Therapeutic Plasma Exchange: Current and Emerging Applications to Mitigate Cellular Signaling in Disease

R. M. Imtiaz Karim Rony, Joshua D. Tompkins et al.
Biomolecules 2025

SGB, MG, CIDP

Neurodegenerative Disease

~~schizofrenia
multifocal motor neuropathy~~

Disautonomia Autoimmune: condizioni eterogenee caratterizzate da disfunzione del sistema nervoso autonomo

- Gangliopatia autonoma autoimmune con Ab anti-acetilcolina (AChR)
- Sindrome da tachicardia posturale ortostatica (POTS): ipoperfusione cerebrale con risposte esagerate tipo «lotta o fuga» (*fight or flight*) in presenza di Ab AChR (10%)

Alzheimer: placche di amiloide beta, alterazione della barriera emato-encefalica e legame amiloide-albumina (studio AMBAR)

Malattie metaboliche: ipercolesterolemia familiare; pancreatite da ipertrigliceridemia
Insufficienza epatica acuta; Epatite autoimmune

Therapeutic Plasma Exchange: Current and Emerging Applications to Mitigate Cellular Signaling in Disease

R. M. Imtiaz Karim Rony, Joshua D. Tompkins et al.
Biomolecules 2025

COMMON EMERGENCY INDICATIONS According to **ASFA guidelines** (Category I–II):

HEMATOLOGIC

- Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP)
- Atypical HUS
- Hyperviscosity syndrome
- Severe autoimmune hemolysis (selected cases)

NEUROLOGIC

- Myasthenic crisis
- Guillain–Barré syndrome (severe forms)

IMMUNOLOGIC / OTHER

- Catastrophic antiphospholipid syndrome
- Severe vasculitis with organ failure
- Acute antibody-mediated transplant rejection

TTP remains the true time-critical emergency.



Apheresis Team and Job Descriptions

N. Worel and A. Malmborg Kisch - I. Kozanoglu (ed.),

Problem Solving in Apheresis Medicine, https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-74081-7_4

STAFFING REQUIREMENTS

Emergency plasma exchange requires

Physician trained in therapeutic apheresis

Nurse trained in extracorporeal procedures

On-call availability system

Written competency documentation

Revolutionizing Apheresis: The Transformative Impact of Artificial Intelligence on Precision, Safety, and Clinical Outcome Outcomes

Ajit Pal Singh, Rahul Saxena, Suyash Saxena · Indian Journal of Pathology: Research and Practice, 2025

Category	Benefit	Description
<i>Operational Efficiency</i>	Workflow Optimization	Streamlines scheduling, resource allocation, and data entry through automation.
	Reduced Procedure Time	AI optimizes flow rates and volumes, reducing overall procedure duration.
<i>Data Management & Insights</i>	Predictive Analytics	Forecasts patient response trends, treatment needs, and resource demands.
	Enhanced Documentation	Automatically generates detailed and standardized procedural records.
<i>Quality Control</i>	Equipment Performance Monitoring	AI identifies calibration issues or mechanical faults proactively.
	Standardization Across Procedures	Ensures uniformity and adherence to best practices across different operators and centers.
<i>Patient-Centric Outcomes</i>	Improved Patient Safety and Comfort	Less invasive, faster, and more precisely controlled procedures.
	Higher Treatment Success Rates	Improved clinical decision-making leads to better therapeutic efficacy.

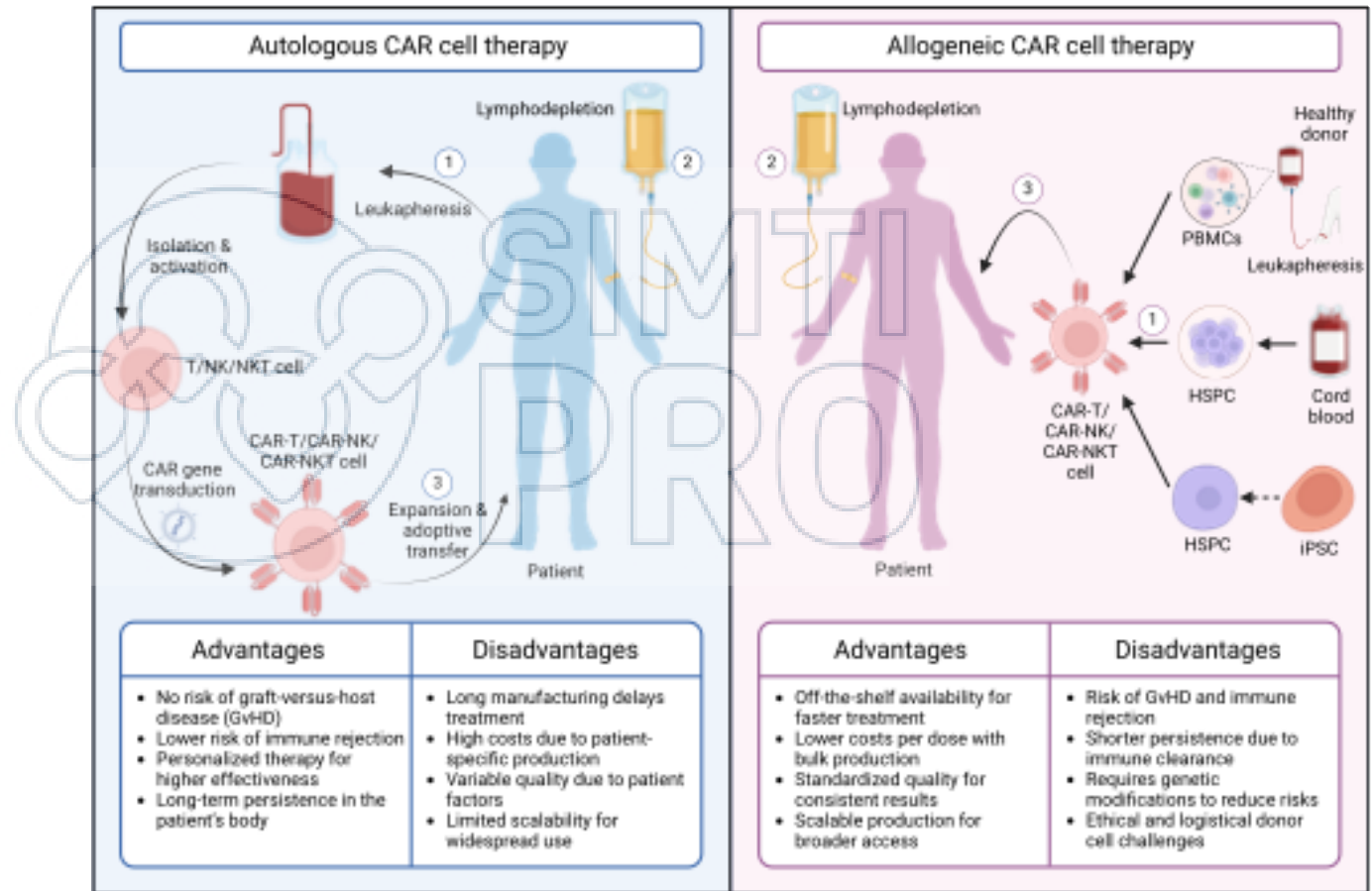
Potential Risks and Ethical Considerations of AI in Apheresis

Category	Risk / Ethical Concern	Description
<i>Data Privacy & Security</i>	Patient Data Breach	AI systems require large datasets, increasing vulnerability to unauthorized access and cyberattacks.
	Inadequate Data Anonymization	Failure to properly anonymize data can compromise patient confidentiality.
<i>Algorithmic Bias</i>	Inequitable Treatment Outcomes	Biased training data can result in discriminatory or suboptimal recommendations for certain populations.
	Lack of Representation	AI models may underperform in patients with rare diseases or from underrepresented groups.
<i>Transparency & Accountability</i>	Black-Box Decision Making	Difficulty in interpreting AI decisions may reduce clinician trust and hinder informed consent.
	Ambiguity in Liability	Unclear who is responsible—developer, provider, or clinician—if AI causes harm.
<i>Clinical Reliability</i>	Overdependence on AI	Excessive reliance may erode clinician judgment or critical thinking.
	False Positives / Negatives	Inaccurate predictions may lead to unnecessary procedures or missed complications.
<i>Regulatory & Legal Issues</i>	Lack of Standardized Regulations	Rapid AI development outpaces current legal and ethical frameworks.
	Compliance Challenges	Difficulties in aligning AI systems with international medical and ethical standards.
<i>Human-Centered Care</i>	Reduced Human Interaction	Automation may diminish patient-clinician relationships and empathy in care delivery.
	Consent Complexity	Patients may not fully understand the role of AI in their treatment, complicating informed consent.

Nuove sfide

ATMP: applicazioni in malattie autoimmuni e tumori solidi

CAR.T Allogeniche



**ATMP: applicazioni in
malattie autoimmuni e tumori
solidi**

Nuove sfide

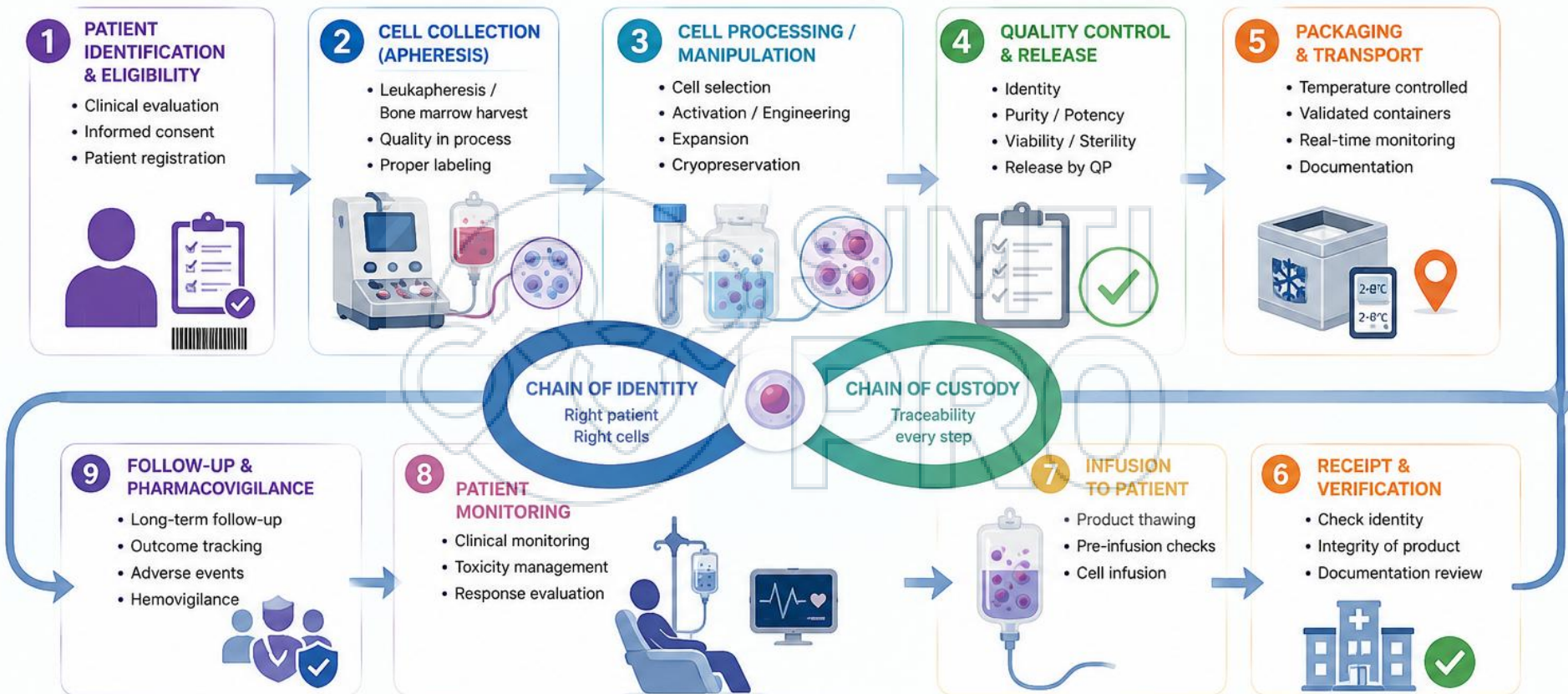
CAR.T Allogeniche

INNOVATIVE CELLULAR THERAPIES FOR AUTOIMMUNE DISEASES: expert-based position statement and clinical practice recommendations from the EBMT practice harmonization and guidelines committee (eClinicalMedicine 2024)

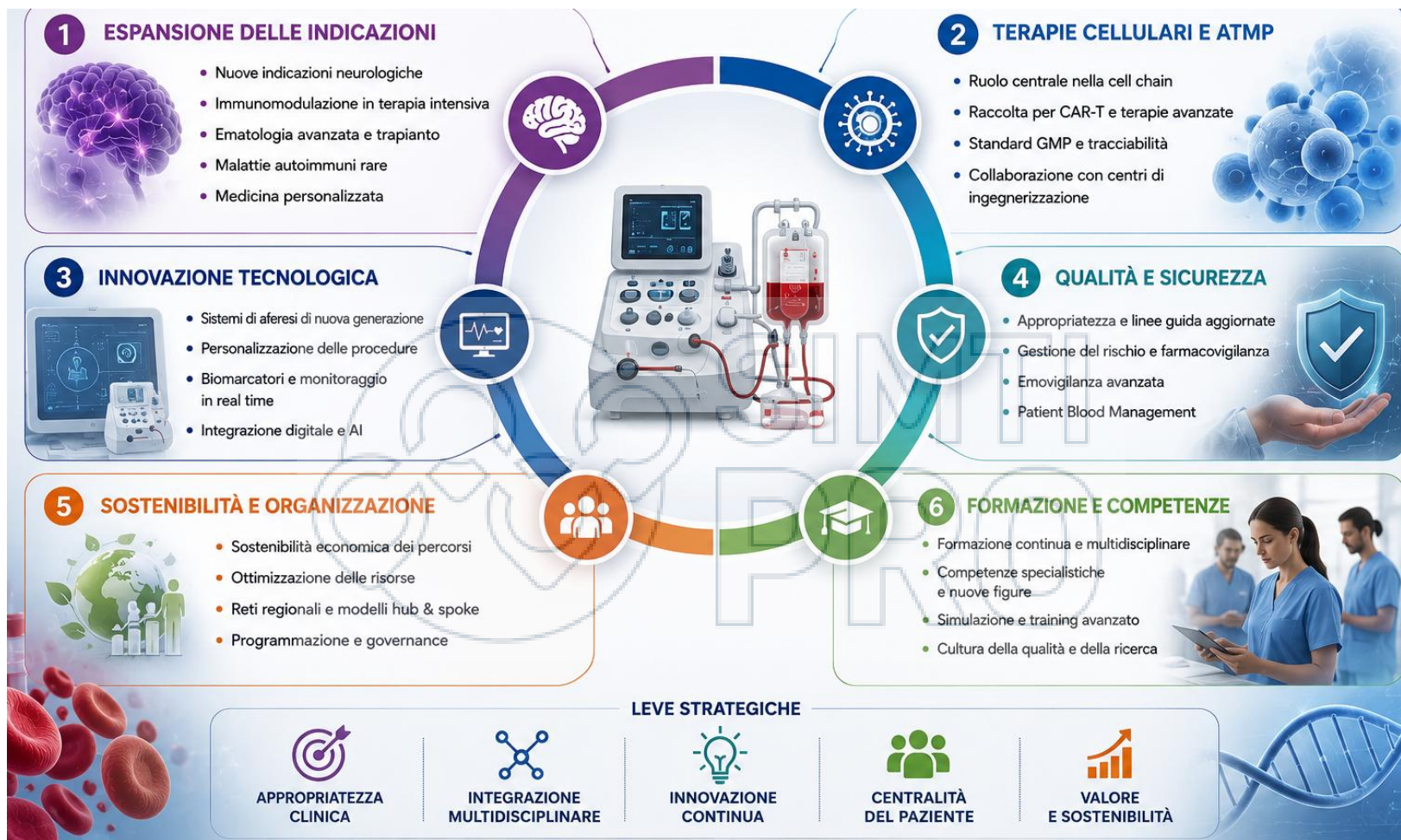
CELLULAR THERAPIES (CT) for **Autoimmune Diseases rheumatological, neurological, and gastroenterological**: mesenchymal stromal cells (**MSC**), Chimeric Antigen Receptors T cells (**CART**) and regulatory T cells (**Tregs**)

ADs	Criterion	Cellular Therapies
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Multiple SclerosisNeuromyelitis optica spectrum disorderMyasthenia gravis Systemic Lupus ErythematosusSystemic SclerosisRheumatoid ArthritisSjögren's syndromePolymyositis	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Performance statusPrior treatments, including prior immunosuppressive treatmentInfectionsCNS involvementDisease confirmationCardiac, kidney, liver functionFertility	<ul style="list-style-type: none">CAR.TMSCTregs

Cell Chain + Chain Identity + Chain of custody



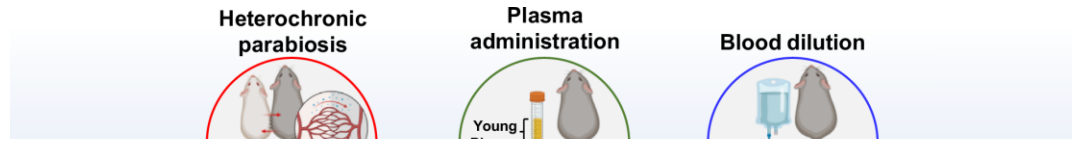
SVILUPPI IN AFERESI TERAPEUTICA



Comlessità organizzativa → Necessità di personale dedicato

Blood as the mirror and modulator of aging: mechanistic insights and rejuvenation strategies

Experimental & Molecular Medicine (2026)



g r a z i e



- Liu et al. (2019): restored age-related decline in hepatic function by restoring impaired autophagy in the liver
- Mehdiপুর et al. (2020): reduced hepatic lipid accumulation and fibrosis
- kidney structure and function
- Ceylani et al. (2023): restored intestinal epithelial architecture by increasing crypt and villus cell proliferation
- Liu et al. (2025): rejuvenated aged retinas and alleviated senescent phenotypes

● Heterochronic parabiosis ● Plasma administration ● Blood dilution